

expect to find human beings. The Cisco Grove story is a prime example, and so is Flynn's Florida report.

The results of this new approach to UFO study should bring us closer to the truth than we have ever been before.■

#### REFERENCES.

- (1) The Merom, Indiana, case (Rene Gilham) of November 1957, and others.
- (2) The Flatwoods, West Virginia, landing of September 1952, and others.
- (3) Ivan Brandt, *The Problem of the Frankensteins*, FSR, May/June 1967.
- (4) We might add that the governments of the world have generally afforded the UFOs *preferential treatment*. The objects have *not* been treated as enemy aircraft, which would have immediately been blasted from the skies.
- (5) Jerome Clark, *The Meaning of Contact*, FSR September/October 1965, and *The Strange Case of the 1897 Airship*, FSR, July/August 1966.
- (6) John A. Keel, *North America 1966: Development of a Great Wave*, FSR, March/April 1967.
- (7) "... the Ohio incident ... began near Ravenna, Ohio, the site of a large government arsenal. While the two police officers were dashing across the countryside in pursuit of their dome-shaped cloud of swamp gas [sic], a reddish circular object was operating at ground level around the arsenal. This appears to be a case of pure diversion and misdirection. By luring the local police away from the area, the UFOs were able to make their

visit to the arsenal without interference.

(8) A recent article in *Sports Afield*, an American outdoor magazine, claims that a tribe of Indians in Alaska has a tradition that "Sky People" regularly land in saucer-shaped vehicles on mountain ranges and abduct individuals who come upon them.

(9) For a complete account, see Coral E. Lorenzen's *Flying Saucers: the Startling Evidence of the Invasion from Outer Space* (Signet, 1966 - a revised, updated paperback version of *The Great Flying Saucer Hoax*) pp. 60 - 64.

(10) Charles Bowen, *The Mystery of the Morro Do Vintem*, FSR, March/April 1967.

(11) Coral Lorenzen, *The Disappearance of Rivalino Mafra da Silva: kidnapped by a UFO?* FATE June 1963, See also

(12) Coral Lorenzen, *UFO Occupants in United States Reports*, THE HUMANOIDS (FSR Special Issue, October/November, 1966, pp 61-63.

(13) John G. Fuller, *The Interrupted Journey* (Dial Press, 1966)

(14) Coral and Jim Lorenzen, *Flying Saucer Occupants* (Signet, 1967), pp. 199-200.

(15) *Prince George Citizen*, 1957. See also Charles Bowen: *Fantasy or Truth?* FSR, July/August 1967.

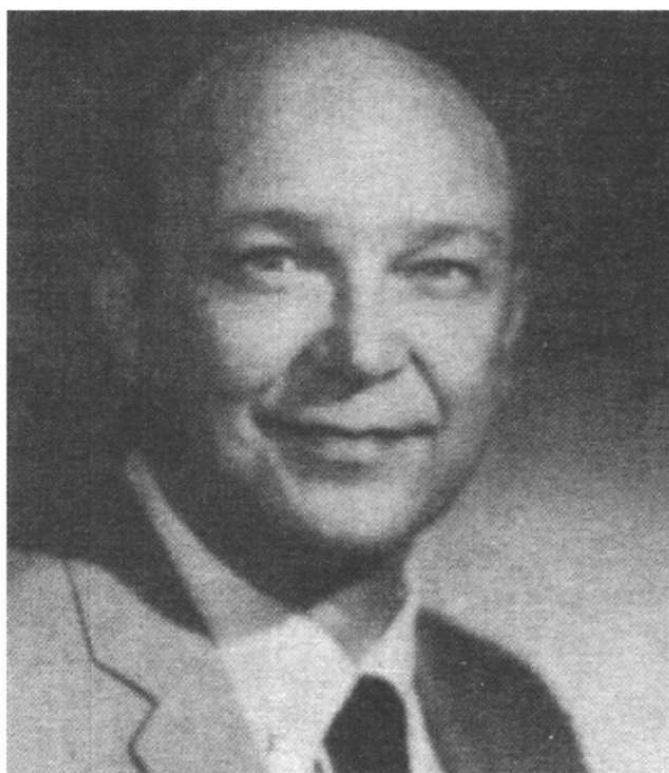
(16) Paul Misraki (writing as "Paul Thomas"), *Flying Saucers through the Ages* (Neville Spearman, 1965).

(17) W.R. Drake, *Gods or Spacemen?* (Amherst Press, 1964) and *Spacemen in the Ancient East* (Neville Spearman, 1967).

## THE "HUMAN-LOOKING" ALIENS. © BY R.P. COLLINS.

(EVIDENCIA OVNI, No. 9 (Puerto Rico, 1995) (Translation from Spanish. G.C.)

"The problem is that, along with the reports of "humanoid" beings there were also reports of "human beings" breathing our air and walking around normally on the Earth. The most logical conclusion that you can draw from this is that these beings are humans, or are in some way or other the product of the human imagination. You cannot ascribe them to the biology of another planet, no matter how much you stretch your imagination." -DR. JACQUES VALLÉE. (Interview with *OMNI*, January 1980).



Author: R.P. Collins

There is extensive evidence from the field of Ufology that one group of the supposed alien beings seen in conjunction with UFO events is of completely human appearance. So close is this reported similarity, that it is said that these beings pass along our streets here, as humans, without being noted.

Such a situation, if true, presents us with a dilemma. Human beings - those who we see around us here every day - are the product of a long and intricate process of evolution developed on this planet, Earth.

For human beings identical with us to have evolved on another planet, that planet would have to be practically identical with the Earth in all the aspects of its evolutionary history. This "other" planet would have to have developed identical types of microbes, pre-chordates, identical lines of primates, etc.

Along with that, it would need to have almost exactly the same mass as the Earth, thus producing more or less the same gravity. It would, of necessity, have to orbit a star of the same size and spectral type as ours. That orbit would necessarily have to be at the same distance from its sun as ours is.

This hypothetical other-world would need to be inclined on its axis in its rotation at a similar angle to that of the Earth, simply in order to produce the climatic conditions that have led to our present evolutionary form.

Although some scientists may disagree, it would appear that the number of opportunities for another planet to duplicate the Earth so exactly, even among the uncountable billions of possibilities out there, is almost close to zero.

The humanoid - a form animated with the same functions observable in and characteristic for humans - has numerous advantages which have led to its being dominant on our planet.

Scientists have often commented on the fact that we, out of all of Nature's experiments, have dominated principally due to our adaptable form - we are erect, we are bipeds, with large brains, and we are creatures with opposable thumbs. These features being considered the principal factors that have led to our dominance on the planet, it would seem that other lines of evolution could have duplicated those features in the so-called process of natural selection.

### THE 'OTHER' HUMANS.

We have a mass of evidence that, over the past forty years, numerous completely "HUMAN-LOOKING" beings have been seen, all over the world, and in, or in close association with UFOs - and especially UFOs of a



very specific type, namely the "Adamski Scout-Ship" type. (The reports amount to several hundreds.)

From where, then, can they be coming? How are we going to explain this? From where could they be - if not from *our* planet Earth?

### THE NEW PHYSICS.

In the last few years, the science of Physics has made some surprising advances in the direction of reconciling some of the most disconcerting contradictions between matter and energy. Mathematical topology, the theory of empty space or cosmic strings [i.e. superstrings? G.C.], the physics of virtual states and the physics of small particles, have begun to unite, presenting us with a glimpse of what we can only define as an infinitely existing and self-conscious Universe.

In effect, experiments have shown that, for all intents and purposes, electrons not only seem to think, but could possess a certain type of *telepathy*, and indeed of *precognition*. And the electrons are not alone in their ingenuity. The entire panoply of small particles appears to possess incredible capacities that somehow enable them to communicate with each other instantaneously over great distances, and make decisions as to how and where they appear. It sounds absurd, but at this point we must describe the Universe of small particles as "*ineffable*".

One especially coherent theory succeeds in explaining a large part of the "Alien Human" mystery. This has been termed "the theory of many worlds", and basically it postulates that the Universe is in a constant state of being created. At each moment, numerous infinities of probable universes arise from the universe that we perceive.

A simple example of this is to be found in the decisions that every one of us makes on waking up every morning. You can choose to get up from your bed and go to work, or you can choose to get up and telephone to say that you are sick, and then go to the beach. Both of these "worlds" - the world of the beach and the world of work - exist as probable states prior to your final decision.

Your possible selection of the world of the beach brings this latter into the reality of your perception. The theory of the "many worlds" postulates, even beyond that, *that the other alternative also possesses a certain degree of reality*, and that it also arises out of another probable "you" which decides to opt for the world of work.

All this may sound somewhat diffuse and ambiguous, but it has a very solid basis in the science of the physics of small particles. The theory implies that many probable worlds do exist, along the lines almost parallel to ours.